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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: Triethylamine

· Article number: 100 · CAS Number: 121-44-8

• EC number: 204-469-4

• Index number: 612-004-00-5

· Registration number 01-2119475467-26

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

Application of the substance / the mixture

Industrial use Chemical.

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier:

Möller Chemie GmbH & Co. KG

Bürgerkamp 1 D-48565 Steinfurt Tel.: 02551/9340-0 Fax: 02551/9340-60

- · Further information obtainable from: Product safety department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Poison Control Center Mainz - 24 hour emergency service - Tel.: +49 (0) 6131/19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS06 skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 3 H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.



GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

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· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The substance is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS02

GHS05 GHS06

· Signal word Danger

· Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311+H331 Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· Precautionary statements

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

· 2.3 Other hazards

The product does not contain any substance above the legal limits included on the list for endocrine disrupting properties established under Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 or under Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or of Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 has endocrine disrupting properties.

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT:

The product does not contain any substances above legal limits that meet the criteria for PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic).

· *vPvB*:

The product does not contain any substances above legal limits that meet the criteria for vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.1 Substances
- · CAS No. Description

121-44-8 triethylamine

- · Identification number(s)
- · EC number: 204-469-4
- · Index number: 612-004-00-5
- Specific concentration limits STOT SE 3; H335: $C \ge 1 \%$

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air.

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- · After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Seek medical treatment.

- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Vapors can form an explosive mixture with air.

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · **Protective equipment:** Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
- · Additional information Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
- · Information about fire and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Keep container tightly closed Keep us in a cool, well-ventilated place.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from oxidising agents.

Do not store together with acids.

- · Further information about storage conditions: Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.
- · Storage class:

3

flammable

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· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

121-44-8 triethylamine

IOELV Short-term value: 12.6 mg/m³, 3 ppm Long-term value: 8.4 mg/m³, 2 ppm

· DNELs

worker:

Long-term exposure - systemic effects, inhalation: 8.4 mg/m³

· PNECs

Fresh water: 0.11 mg/l Sea water: 0.011 mg/l sporadic release: 0.08 mg/l Sediment (fresh water): 1.575 mg/kg Sediment (seawater): 0.158 mg/kg

Soil: 0.25 mg/kg

Sewage treatment plant: 100 mg/l

· Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see item 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

· Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Hand protection



Protective gloves

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

nitrile rubber

FKM: Fluorelastomer, Fluorkautschuk

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

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89 °C

Void

Trade name: Triethylamine

· Body protection: chemical protective suit

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SECTION 9:	Physical ar	id chemica	l propert	ies

· 9.1 Information	n basic phys	ical and chem	ical properties

· General Information

Physical state
 Colour:
 Colourless
 Odour:
 Melting point/freezing point:

Fluid

Colourless

Ammonia-like

-115 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

· Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: 1.2 Vol %
 Upper: 8 Vol %
 Flash point: -11 °C
 Ignition temperature: 230 °C
 pH (100 g/l) at 15 °C

· Viscosity:

• **Dynamic at 25 °C:** 0.363 mPas

·Solubility

• water: Fully miscible. • Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 72 hPa

Density and/or relative density

• **Density at 20 °C:** 0.73 g/cm³

· 9.2 Other information

· Appearance:

· Form: Fluid

· Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

Explosive properties:

Product is not explosive. However, formation of

explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosives Void
Flammable gases Void
Aerosols Void
Oxidising gases Void
Gases under pressure Void

· Flammable liquids

· Desensitised explosives

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable solids
 Self-reactive substances and mixtures
 Pyrophoric liquids
 Pyrophoric solids
 Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable

gases in contact with water Void
Oxidising liquids Void
Oxidising solids Void
Organic peroxides Void
Corrosive to metals Void

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Strong exothermic reaction with acids.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flames.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Strong oxidizing agents

Acids.

alkalis

· 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide

Nitrogen oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Toxic in contact with skin or if inhaled.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

Dermal	LD50	570 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4h	3 mg/l (ATE)

· Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

- Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties Substance is not listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:

Fish toxicity:

LC50/96h: 24 mg/l, (Oryzias latipes)

Aquatic invertebrates:

LC50/48h: 17 mg/l(Ceriodaphnia dubia) Microorganisms/effect on activated sludge: EC50/17h: 95 mg/l, Pseudomonas putida

- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability Easily biodegradable
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Keine wesentliche Bioakkumulation
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).
- · vPvB: This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

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- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties For information on endocrine disrupting properties see section 11.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects
- Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage

system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation Disposal according to local regulations.
- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1296	
14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR IMDG, IATA	1296 TRIETHYLAMINE TRIETHYLAMINE	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR		
Class	3 (FC) Flammable liquids.	
Label	3+8	
Class	3 Flammable liquids.	
Label	3/8	
IATA		
Class	3 Flammable liquids.	
Label	3 (8)	
14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	II	
14.5 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant:	No	

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14.6 Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code):	338
EMS Number:	F-E,S-C
Stowage Category	B
Stowage Code	SW2 Clear of living quarters.
Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM	10
instruments	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	IL
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
• • • • •	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
Transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	D/E
IMDG	
Limited quantities (LQ)	IL
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
- · · · · · ·	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
UN "Model Regulation":	UN 1296 TRIETHYLAMINE, 3 (8), II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 40
- · DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Annex II

Substance is not listed.

- · REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148
- · Annex I RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

Substance is not listed.

- · Annex II REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS Substance is not listed.
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- · Department issuing SDS: Product safety department
- · Contact: Mrs. Steyer
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity - Category 3

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3